THE KENTUCKY GAZETTE IS PUBLISHED EVERY MONDAY EVENING, BY SMITH AND BICKLEY.

TRINTERS OF THE LAWS OF THE UNION.

CONDITIONS.

THREE DOLLARS per annum, payable at the expiration of the year, or Two Dollars at the time of subscribing. Persons at a distance directing the paper to be forwarded by mail, must accompany their order with two dollars cash, or a note for three dollars The postage in every case must be paid.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted at 50 cents per square the first time, and 25 cents for each THE PRINTING OFFICE is kept at the

GEORGE GEIB'S

WHERE he has for sale, at the Philadelphia prices, elegant and plain Patent PIANO FORTES, warranted equal in tone and workmanship to any imported from Europe, or man-ufactured in America.

BASSOONS, FLAGELETS, &c. CLARINETS.

received a number of very superior Violins &

Bows, A GREAT BASS BAND DRUM, TRIANGLES, BUGLES, TRUMPETS, TAMBARINES,

A very great assortment of Flutes, and the best Songs of Moore, Stevenson and other ce lebrated authors' compositions, Duetts, Marches, Waltzes, &c. &c.

N. B. Ladies and Gentlemen can be accommodated with Board and Lodging.
Lexington, January 17, 1814.

FRESH GOODS.

THOSE who may please to call at the GRAIN & FLOUR STORE, Mulberry street, leading out to Paris, second door above the Jail, will find a well chosen and pretty Charles Morgan, Complt. against

ERCHLVDIZE, Suited to the present Season, CONSISTING OF S Country Cott. Cloths Cassimers, Coarse Muslins, Callicoes, Coatings Shirtings, Flannels. Blankets Dimities White and Colored Swansdown Cambric Muslins Toilnetts Manchester Cords Lenoes &c. Black Crapes Velvets Black and Plaid Silk Marseilles Rombazetts White & Black Lace Black & Grey Worst- Ribbands Artificial Flowers ed Hose Black & white Silk do & Black, Check & Fancy Silk Hkfs. Maddrass do. Buckskin and Beaver 6 Check Cambric do. Gloves Ladies' Long & Short Plain, white & fan-Kid do. Ladies' Black and cy do. Chintz Shawla White Silk do. Common Cotton do Silk Shawls Coffee Linen & Cott. Checks 6 Chockolate Loaf, Lump and Or Crockery Ware leans' Sugars Pepper Glass do. Hard do. Men's & Boys' Fur &6 Cinnamon Wool Hats Cloves Women's, Men's and Mace Children's Moroc-Nutmegs co Shoes Men's coarse Shoes Fine do. Children's Coarse do. Port, Madeira and Gun Flints Sherry Wines, Brandy Mackerel Herring Rum Peach Brandy

Logwood Cherry Bounce Crowly Steel Blackberry Cordial Cherry do. Castings Rice Ropes assorted Whiskey Lamp Black in lb. p Bider royal pers Tobacco

Vinegar Orleans' Molasses School Books Suppowder & Young & Writing Paper Hyson Tens § Slates &c &c. SUPERFINE FLOUR by the barrel or small

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR. Which will be sold at a very small a vance for cash, or that which will suit just as well, viz: Wheat, old Corn, Oats, Flour, Cornmeal, Whiskey, Salt. Linsey, Linen, Flax, Feathers, Butter, Tallow, Hog's Fat. &c. Lexington, Nov. 22, 1813.

I WANT TO PURCHASE 200 CORDS OF

SOUND WOOD,

ELIVERED in my brick yard next spring, summer and fall, for which the best price will be given-Also, I will hire a few good work hands, for which good wages will be paid JOHN BOBB. February 14, 1814.

TAKEN UP by William Fiddler, living in Fayette county, one Dark Bay Filley, one year old-appraised before me this 13th day of Dec. 1813, to \$3. SAMPEL BLAIR, J. P.

William Essex, jr. & Co. HAVE JUST PUBLISHED,

"The Barbarities of the Enemy, or Documents accompanying the Report of the Committee of the Hause of Representatives, appointed to enquire into the spirit and manner in which the war has been waged by the Enemy."

February 14th, 1814.

The Lower Ferry.

Hickman, in Jessamine county, and is putting the road on the cliffs in a complete state of re the boat is in complete order and attended by experienced and accommodating ferry-men; he is also putting the buildings in complete order for the reception of those that may please to call on him. He will endeavor to lay in a large stock of provender, and be rea-Music Store and Seminary,

Removed from next door to Postlethwait's, to the may be sent for storage.

February 14, 1814.

TAKEN UP by Rouling Chambers, Woodford county, on the Leestown Road, one Bay Horse, 5 years old, 4 feet 11 inches high, no brand—appraised to \$25 before me, on the 6th day of December, 1813.

THOMAS STEVENSON, J. P

Piano Forte Music composed by Beethoven, Haydn, Mozart, Plevel, Cramer, Dussek, Stei-belt, &c. consisting of Concertos, Sonatas, Airs with variations, Waltzes, Marches, Cotillions, white feet, 14 hands high, no brands perceivabelt, &c. consisting of Concertos, Sonatas, Airs with variations, Wattzes, Marches. Cotillions, the most fashionable Songs, easy Lessons and instruction Books for all instruments of music.

Piano Forte Wire, Fiddle Strings, and every the satisfied in the music line.

Marc, six years white feet, 14 hands high, no brands perceivable, had on a large bell, marked Stephen Lyon; ble, had on a large bell,

TAKEN up by John Ellambaugh, living of the river, about 2 miles below Goggan ferry, a BAY MARE, with a star and snip, of TRUMPETS,
TAMBARINES,
FLAGELETS,
\$TRINGS, &c. &c.
And all other kinds of military instruments,
A very great assortment of Flutes, and the

TRUMPETS,
TAMBARINES,
FLAGELETS,
STRINGS, &c. &c.
And all other kinds of military instruments,
A very great assortment of Flutes, and the

TRUMPETS,
Think foot white, and a small white spot on the near hind foot, some saddle spots and a navle gaul—branded but not intelligible—about fourteen hands high, and about 6 years old—appraised to § 17. August 7. 1813.

Total Company of the product of the near hind foot white, and a small white spot on the n

Removal.

MRS BROWN has removed her residence to the house on Main-street for merly occupied by Mrs. Elliott, and above Mr Postlethwait's tavern, where she hopes for continuance of public patronage.

Orders from the country thankfully received

and punctually attended to. February 14, 1814.

CLARKE CIRCUIT, SECT .- Sep. Term 1813 against
GEO. STEVENSON & others, Defts

On motion of the complainant by his attorney, and it appearing that the defendants Bryan M'Donnald's heirs and David Dryden are no inhabitants of this Commonwealth and not having entered their appearance herein lagree ably to law, and the rules of this court. Therefore it is ordered, that unless the said defendants Bryant M'Donnald's heirs and David Dryden shall appear here on or before the first day of our next March term and answer the complainant's bill herein, that the same will be taken as confessed against them, and t is further ordered, that a copy of this or der be inserted in some authorized newspaper printed in this state for two months successively

A copy. Test.
4 SAML. M. TAYLOR, ce.c.c

George G. Ross,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW. TILL attend the courts of Fayette, and the adjacent circuits. He may be met with by those who should be disposed hairs on her main and tail, some white on the to employ him, at his residence, in Lexington. February 7, 1814.

WANTED immediately, five or six NE-GRO MEN. Apply to M'Calla, Gains & Co. corner of Short and Market streets, or to me on High street, 3 doors above Dr. F. Ridgely's residence. The subscriber also wishhire one or two Journeymen BRICK-B. HINES. February 12, 1814.

Musical Instrument Maker THREE DOORS ABOVE THE EPISCOPALIAN CHURCH C VELTENAIR informs the public that he makes Grand and Square Pianos, Chamber and Barrel Organs, &c. on the newest and most approved construction; and flatters himeif that in regard to elegance of workmanship & fineness of tone, they will not be inferior to any ever imported, or made in the Atlantic

He also repairs & tunes Pianos, &c. and will, ed throughout this commonwealth. if requested, introduce Patent Machinery in Pianos of the old construction.

I. VELTENAIR offers his services to instruct gentlemen in Instrumental Music, on the most reasonable terms.

An association of Musicians, who are well acquainted with music for dancing, will attend assemblies, balls and private parties, in Lexington and its vicinity, and also the neighboring to the parties of the property o ing towns-apply to John Veltenair at C. Velt-

Feb. 14, 1814.

CASH Will be given for a quantity of HEMP, by ROBERT H. MACNAIR. Feb. 14. 1814.

bank Stock Wanted. A fair price will be given for shares in the Kentucky Bank on application to JOHN T. MASON, Jr January 29, 1814.

JUST PUBLISHED And for sale by Wm. Essex, jun. & Co. and at this Office, Ingersoll's Letter FOREIGN INFLUENCE.

Mechanics Wanted.

WE wish to employ to work in our Factory in Springfield, Ohio, a MANAGER in the employ a man to manage the Carding and Spinhereto annexed, the different articles of taxation; and in the last column shall insert the
total value of all taxable property contained
in the list.

Sec. 6. Be it further enacted, That tavern
licences, billiard tables and stud horses, shall
be taxed as heretofore, except that each bil-B. F. GORE respectfully informs his friends men, and of steady habits—men of the above description will meet with liberal encouragement by applying to John Fisher in Lexington.

MADDOX FISHER & Co.

February 10, 1814. A JOURNEYMAN COOPER.

Apply to JOHN COLEMAN, Lexington Brewery February 14, 1814.

A LL persons having any demands against the estate of George Anderson, merchant, late of Lexington, are requested to present them properly authenticated to the subscri-bers; and all persons indebted to said estate are required to make immediate payment, as indulgence cannot be given by
RHODA ANDERSON, adm'z.

THOMAS WALLACE, adm'r. Lexington, Feb. 21, 1814.

HOSE indebted to William Bobb, decease ed, are requested to make payment, and those who have demands against the same, are requested to come forward with their accounts, in order that they may be arranged according of non residents are situated, and place the as the law directs.

Lexington, Feb, 21, 1814.

Lexington, Feb, 21, 1814.

Equation 1814.

Payette county, to wit:

TAKEN up by Colonel James M'Dowell 3
miles from Lexington, on the Georgetown
road, one SORREL HORSE, six years old, fourteen hands one inch high, blaze face, both hind feet white, switch tale; appraised to twenty dollars, before me this 8th day of Nov. 1814. 8-3 OLIVER KEEN, j p.

Will be Sold,

TO THE HIGHEST BIDDER, at the dwelling house of the late Price Curd, dec'd. on Thursday, the 3d of March next, on a credit of twelve months, the purchaser giving bond with approved security, a number of HORSES, CATTLE, HOGS, & SHEEP, with a variety of other articles, among which are a CART & OXEN, a SET OF SURVEYOR'S INSTRU-MENTS, &c. Also-will be hired for the remainder of the year, several NEGROES, of various descriptions. All persons indebted to the deceased, are requested to make immediate payment—and those having demands against the same, are requested to bring them forward for payment.

R HIGGINS, JOHN ALLEN. Admr's. Fayette, Feb. 19, 1814. 8-2t

AKEN up by John Jackson, living in the appraised to \$ 30, before me this 4th day of September, 1813. 8-*3

H. WATKINS, j. p. w. c.

Woodford County, TAKEN up by Thomas M. Redd, near Caldinside of her near hind foot, hip-shotten in the right hip—appraised to § 15 before me on the 1st day of Nov. 1813.

8.*3 THO STEVENSON, j. p.

Blanks Army For Sale at this Office.

The following law has passed both houses of the Legislature by very large majorities.

AN ACT

To amend the several laws establishing a Per-

manent Revenue. and commissioners of tax, the form hereto an-

son hereafter giving in to a commissioner his list of taxable property, shall add thereto the directors of said institutions, or any number of value of his, or her slaves, horses, mares, geld- them in their individual capacity, shall pay the conveyance of persons.

son owning, holding or possessing a wholesale lic accounts given to the president of said or retail store or stores, and listing the same for taxation, shall add thereto, the whole a-making default, as in case of sheriffs and other mount of the value of all the merchandize pro-cured, or purchased by him or her, for the Sec. 14. Be is further enacted. That fines and

in their improved state, and including all the ding to the existing laws on that subject improvements thereon, attached to the free-hold—except machinery moved by steam, factories of hemp, cotton, flax, wool, iron, paper and fermented or distilled liquors, each valuation directed by this act, shall be fixed on the tenth day of March next preceding the time of giving in said list, and the root of the clark shall issue to him the sum of twenty dollars; and thereupon the clark shall issue to him the sum of twenty dollars;

real value shall be given without regard to

any conflicting claim title, Sec. 5. Be it further enacted, That the com missioners of tax shall insert in the proper Cotton Factory, in all its branches, of Carding, Roving and Spinning. Also, we wish to employ a man to manage the Carding and Spinhereto annexed, the different articles of taxa

> licences, billiard tables and stud horses, shall be taxed as heretofore, except that each bill liard table shall hereafter pay the sum of two hundred dollars, in lieu of the tax now imposed by law on that article; and there shall be a tax levied and collected on each jackass equal to the price of covering one mare or jenny for conviction thereof, by competent testimony before any other justice, be fined ten dollars and costs, be applied towards lessening the

Sec. 7. Be it further enacted, That on all the property taxed by virtue of this act, including the lands of non residents, there shall be levied and collected as the revenue of this state, in the manner directed by law, the sum of two hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars, for each and every year hereafter, until otherwise directed by law.

Sec. 8. Be it further enacted, That the audi for of public accounts, so soon as the books of the commissioners are transmitted to him by the clerks of the county courts, in fixing the value of each tract of the lands of non residents listed in his office for taxation, shall take for his guide from the commissioners' books so returned, the average value, as nearly as can be ascertained, on lands of the same rate, in the same county or counties, or the same water course where the respective tracts of lands the aggregate value of property returned in the commissioners' books.

Sec. 9. Be it further enacted, That the auditor shall next ascertain from the commissioner's books, the whole amount of revenue charged on stud horses, jackasses, billiard tables and tavern licences, and deduct the same from the amount of revenue, directed to be raised by this act; and shall then ascertain as near as can be done, the per centum necessary in rais-ing the balance to be charged and collected on the value of the lands of non residents, and the whole value of articles returned in the commissioner's books. And he shall, on or before the first day of February in every year, transmit by some safe hand, or by mail, to the sheriffs of the different counties, the rate per cen tum to be collected on the value of all the taxable property in the state—and the sheriff's in making their collections, shall be governed thereby accordingly. And each sheriff shall set up, and advertise the rate per centum, on the court house door of his county, for two successive county or circuit courts, next after he shall receive it; and if he fail to do so, or set up a wrong per centum, he shali pay a fine to the commonwealth of fifty dollars, recoverable before any justice of the peace, or by motion in the county court, to be appropriated towards lessening the county levy. And the auditor shall at the time of transmitting said per centum to the different sheriffs, hand the TAKEN UP by George Stone, living 6 miles from Lexington, on Steel's run, 2 Mares, one an Iron Grey, about 6 years old, twelve hands and a half high—appraised to \$20. The other a Sorrel, about six years old, 13 hands high, long tail, with a star and snip—appraised before me to \$13, this 22d day of Oct. 1813

8—* EDWARD PAYNE.

Bere centum to the different sheriffs, hand the same to the public printer, to be by him inserted in his paper for four weeks successively. The postage of transmitting the per centum to the different sheriffs, hand the same to the public printer, to be by him inserted in his paper for four weeks successively. The postage of transmitting the per centum to the different sheriffs, shall be paid from the public treasury, by virtue of the auditor's warrants for that purpose; but before the auditor shall draw such warrant, the governor shall examine the account, and certify it to be correct.

Sec. 10. Be it further enacted. That if any town of Versailles, one Sorrel Mare, with a blaze face, three or four years old, about four-teen hands high—appraised to \$25. Also, one Dark Bay Colt, which was a stud when he came, both hind feet white, and since has been castrated, supposed to be two years old; seen castrated, supposed to be two years old; end of the form prescribed by this act for resident's lands, and fix the value of his and in sence or incapability to act of the major.

years thereafter, the auditor shall make a new valuation thereof, in the manner directed by

shares of bank stock in the bank of Kentucky, held by individuals, and all shares held in the Kentucky Insurance Company, or any bank hereafter established, there shall be levied and collected yearly, a revenue at the rate of twen-Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, That in lieu of the forms of the commissioners's books now in use by the clerks of the county courts, and the president and directors, or cash ier, on making their last dividend of each preceding year, shall retain the said amount of the form hereto and have the same into the treasury of taxes, and pay the same into the treasury nexed shall be, and the same is hereby adopted throughout this commonwealth. this commonwealth; and on producing the treasurer's receipt, obtain the auditor's quietus Sec. 2. Be it further enacted, That each per- on or before the tenth day of January in ever ings, mules, jennies, and wheel carriages for fine to the commonwealth of fifteen hundred the conveyance of persons. Sec. 3. Be it further enacted, That each per- ral court; by a notice from the auditor of pub-

Sec. 4. Be it further enacted, That each per- improper value, shall be subject to a fine and son listing lands or town lots for taxation as heretofore directed, shall also add to said list, the value of said land or town lots, considered to give in their list of taxable property accor-

on the tenth day of March next preceding the time of giving in said list; and the year for which the value of the merchandize procured or purchased by persons holding wholesale or retail stores is listed, shall end on the tenth of March of that year, in which the wholesale or retail stores are enlisted for taxation—In reneal mals and conveyances; and having sworn to

dering the value of lands and town lots, the the same, pay it into the treasury, deducting the per centum to which he is entitled on the other revenue in his hands. If any pedlar shall offend against this act, or retail goods without such licence existing, any justsce of the peace by warrant directed to the sheriff or constable, shall cause said person to be apprehended and brought before him; and upon enquiry into the matter, if the justice shall be of pinion, that said pedlar is guilty of retailing against the provisions of this act, he shall commit him to the jail of his county, till double such sum be paid, and license be obtained. Any pediar failing or refusing to present his licence when

Sec. 16. Be it further enacted, That hereafter the several clerks of the county and circuit courts, within this commonwealth, shall make oath to the amount of monies received by them, or, and on account of the commonwealth, either before the country or circuit courts of their county, which shall be received by the auditor of public accounts, as heretofore.

Sec. 17. Be it further enacted, That the sheriff or collector or each county, shall be entitled to the commission of six per centum only,

for collecting the revenue direct duty of this act, in lieu of the commission now allowed by law-Sec. 18. Be it further enacted, That out of the fund arising from the revenue collected under this act, the treasurer, for the time being, and his successor in office, shall from time to time pay over to the Bank of Kentucky. the debt due that institution by the state, uncl the whole shall be discharged: Provided however, That there shall be left in the treasury in each year, a sufficient sum to discharge the govern-

mental expense of that year.
Sec 19. Be it further enacted That nothing in this act shall be so construed as to h any effect upon the revenue to be collected and paid into the treasury the present year.

STATE OF KENTUCKY, Adjutant General's Office, Frankfort Feb 3 GENERAL ORDERS.

It having become necessary in consequence of the late destruction of the records in the Adjutant General's Office to renew those records as far as practicable, the Governor and Commander in chief, orders, that each major-general of the militia of this state, shall immediately report to the adjutant general the number of the division under his command, the county in which he resides, the date of his commission, and the names (and dates of commission) of his Aid-decamps; also the numbers of the Brigades composing the division: That each brig. general shall in like manner report the number of the brigade under his command, the county in which he resides, the date of his commission, the name and date of commission of his brigade Inspector, and also the numbers of the regiments composing the brigade.

That each commandant of a regiment, shall in like manner, report the number of the regiment under his command, the county in which he resides, the date of his commission, the names and dates of commission of his majors, and also the dent's lands, and fix the value of his and in the mode directed by this act; who shall enter such valuation of such lands on his books, and shall be governed by the same, until a new assessment is made, as directed by this act.

Sec. 11. Be it further enacted, That the assessment or valuation of non residents' lands, sion, and such officer will be held respondirected to be made by the auditor, shall consible therefor. The reports to be directed tinue the same for the space of three years; and at the end of said term, and of every three mail to the post-office in Frankfort.

By an act of the General Assembly, passed at the last session, the adjutant Sec. 12. Be it further enacted, That in the general is required to issue blank forms charge of taxes, and collection thereof from for the annual returns of the militia; non residents, the auditor and register shall be which when made out, shall shew the governed by the same per centum transmitted to number of men who have performed a for defalcation in payment, as now directed by tour or tours of duty, and the number subject to the next call to be made on the Sec. 13. Be it further enacted, That on all militia, in addition to what has been required in the forms and returns heretofore. The governor and commander in chief therefore orders, that captains or other officers commanding companies shall immediately take the necessary steps to ascertain with the greatest exactness, the number of sergeants, corporals, musicians and privates in their respective companies who have performed a tour or tours of duty, and the number performed by each agreeably to law. ilowing not less than thirty days to a tour, as preparatory to the completion of their returns so soon as the blank forms shall be forwarded by the adjutant general.

It is painful to the governor and commander in chief at this late period, to have to remind several of the coamianding officers of divisions, that their annual recured, or purchased by him or her, for the year next preceding, at the prime cost thereof, excepting thereout goods, wares and merchandize, manufactured in the U. States.

Sec. 14. Be in further enacted. That fines and turns for the last year have not yet been the same failures; and any person failing to add the value to his or her list, or giving in an proceeded from the negligence of company to the same failures. proceeded from the negligence of commanding officers of inferior corps, directs that the major generals or other officers commanding the divisions (annual returns of which have not yet been forwarded) shall immediately institute an enquiry into the cause or causes which have produced the failure, and to arrest and bring to punishment each and every officer who shall have neglected his duty.

"THE LAY OF THE SCOTTISH FIDDLE, A TALE OF HAVRE-DE-GRACE.

This Foem is from the hand of a master, the no less celebrated author of Salmagendi, Knickerbocker, Brother Johnathan and John Bull all popular works, and bears legitimate marks of its comic sire. It is universally admired for pleasing versification—heautiful imagery high caustic humor. The uncommon eagerness with which all classes of the community read it where the scenes were acted, gives a certain presage of its favorable reception among the western people, who are so very solicitous about every thing which concerns the general weal. If the keen sense of ridicule be not eny lost amidst the corruptions of nature, it will probably constitute more towards the defence of our defenceless maritime villages than the doughty arms of such men as inhabit the vicinity of Havre-de-Grace!

A general outline of the work, with a few appropriate quotations, cannot fail to please the general reader.

general reader.

It is a canto poem after the affected manner of Walter Scott, esq. and has for its immediate object the ridicule of the Buccanier Cockburn, who eternized his infamy and tarnished the fame of Britain's Trident' by sacking and furning the defenceless town of Havre-de-

The twelve first pages introduce a poor blind fiddler, weary and faint, begging refresh-ment at the close of a long day's journey, which is kindly granted by a fair hostess. The old man, warmed by her hospitality and good fiquor, evinces his gratitude by singing the Lay' for the amtisement of herself and friends.

When kindness had his wants supplied And the old man was satisfied Began to rise the fiddler's pride. The fiddle with his chin he press'd, The fiddle press'd against his heart; His fingers o'er the catgut stray'd, His elbow word'd and wor'd his head.
And as he dol'd the jingling rhyme; With thund'ring rout his foot kept time; They thought the d-I was in the man, - - - - Began."

The first canto ludicrously sings of three na-

"Watch'd against suthron force and guile, Lest Hull, or Decatur, or Jones's powers Should threaten their lordly floating towers, From New-York, or Boston, or Norfolk the

Deeply revolving how best they "Might chastise the sinful fry Who dar'd his majesty defy." The commander of the Poictiers is happily

" Sir Berresford, a sturdy limb, To daring or fight, all one to him; But when beneath his buckskin belt He carried store of claret rare Sooth then he'd fight as well as swear; Far fam'd was he for noted feats, Mongst oyster boats and neutral fleets, And never turn'd his back they say, To any ship that ran away !"

The fell destroyer is thus portrayed : Sir Cockburn next, a border chief, Descended from full many a thief, And ere he 16 years had seen, Five times in the stocks he'd been. At length, to be more bravely free To rob at large, he went to sea; For he had heard the valiant feats Of British tars and British fleets. That bullies of the subject seas. Not only rob their enemies, But claim the right as Yankies know,

To plunder friend as well as foe! It concludes with the third knight, admiral sir J B Warren who, with a burst of indigna-tion, opens canto 2d, in the council, against their want of success in glorious plunder ove coasts, in despite of what the very honorable Josiah Quincey said

"In congress only tother day; That Britain's power was unconfin'd As raging flood or freedom wind; That in three months no Yankee sail. Would spread its bosom to the gale.39 With what delight do we read this humor-

ous blast against French influence : "The recreant wight who dare to say In the bright face of this good day, That in this land French influence Hvists not-sure has lost his sense. Behold, sir knights, a vile French place, Called Havre with a d-d de Grace; Another too, yelept Frenchtown, Which we, by Heavens, must tumble down.

Then enquires, Who will dare

The dangerous glory and repair, To these vile towns and wrap in flames, Their beings, nay their very names." To whom the buccanier,

Ere long will I gaze on the bright burning

Of this rascally town of the French, And feast on the sighs of the scampering

And the terror of half naked wench. For I love to hear the shrill cry of fear, And the bright burning cottage to see !" The council is broken up and the canto closed by sending them off drunk to bed.

The third canto sings the progress of the maranders up the Chesapeake to the Susque-hannah, and prepares for the pillage and con-Hagration after a pleasant diversion of 4th can-The last canto declares the conflagration ; the base desertion of the militia except a single man, that of a hero from Emerald Isleportrait of O'Niel is highly finished, and will be read with singular delight—the patriot's bosom will be filled with holy fire at the recital of the sous of oppression seeking liberty and protection where alone they are to be found.

quiry from a wailing matron, where safety is to be found from the "World's Oppressors."

"Are these the gallant tars, so long The burthen of their country's song ; These who such deeds of glory wrought Where Blake, & Howe, & Duncan fought; These who with Nelson, honor's son, The victories so often won? God help the while! if such they be What glorious times we soon shall see. Where shall the matron refuge seek, The infant that can hardly speak?. Where the bed maiden and the old; Retire from reach of Briton bold? Who comes in pious christian ire To purify the earth by fire: Who labors for the world's repose, By heaping up a world of woes; Who points our hopes to realms of bliss By making us heart sick of this, And thus, as farmer Caleb saith, Acts as the BULL-WARK OF OUR FAITH." Were we to quote the veriews of this many

terly particion, they would swell this notice reyond a proper intention. We trust it to the satronage of the reader with confidence. The above work may be had at Wm. Essex Tun. & Co's. Book-Store.]

British official accounts of the recapture of Fort George, and capture of Fort Niagarai-From the Montreal Courant of December 31, 1813.

Head Quarters, Quebec, Dec. 27, 1813. GENERAL ORDERS .- The commander of the forces has received a despatch from lieut gen. Drummond, containing a supplementary report from col. Murray, dated at Fort George, 13th December, correcting his statement of the preceding day, respecting the enemy having passover his cannon, stores, &c. having since discovered in the ditch of the fortification one long 18 pounder, four 12's and several 9 pounders, together with a large supply of shot .portion of fixed ammunition, have been saved, then made the following statement of and camp equippage for 1500 men has fallen

The new barracks erected in the vicinity of Fort George and Chippewa, have, from the precipitancy of the enemy's flight, escaped be-

(Signed) E. BAYNES, Adj. Gen. N. A. H. Q. Upper Canada, Dec. 19, 1813. public lands
Lieut gen Drummond congratulates the troops under his command upon the brilliant Direct tax, amount success which has crowned the attack made this morning on Fort Niagara. It was assaulted an hour before day light, and after a short but severe contest, it was carried, with a very slight loss on our part; that of the enemy was 65 killed and 15 wounded—all by the bayonet; the remainder of the garrison, to the number of about 350 regular troops and artillery, were made prisoners; 27 pieces of ordnance were found in the fort. Our loss does not exceed 5 killed and 3 wounded. Lieut. Nowlen, of the Civil, 100th regiment, a very promising young officer, is the only officer killed. The lieutenant-general has to regret that a severe wound which col Murray has received, is likely to deprive the army of the service of that gallant officer for some time. The troops employed on this occasion were the 100th regiment, the grenadier company of the Royals, and the flank companies of the 41st regiment. Their instructions were not to fire, but to carry the place at the point of the bayonet.—These orders were punctually obeyed; a circumstance that not only proves their intrepidity, but reflects great credit on their discipline. expresses his admiration of the valor and good conduct of the whole of the troops, particularly of the 100th regiment, which led the attack. He also bestows his particular thanks on lieut. col Hamilton, &c. [Here follows the names of several regular and militia officers who distinguished themselves.] Of the brilliant service of lieut. Dawson of the 100th, who led the forlorn hope, and captain Fawcett of the 100th grenadiers, in entirely cutting off two of the enemy's picquets and surprising the sentries on the glacis and at the gate, by which means the watchword was obtained, and the entrance into the fort greatly facilitated, the colonel speaks in terms of the highest and most de-

Lieutenant-general Drummond will perform a most grateful duty in bringing under the no tice of his royal highness the prince regent, through his excellency the commander of the forces, the admirable execution of this brilliant achievement on the part of every individual concerned. The useful services of the militial volunteers in launching the boats and rowing the troops across the river, were not unnoticed by the lieutenant-general.

served praise.

The lieutenant-general has received from major-general Riall a very favorable report of the zeal and alacrity of the detachment of the royal Scots, athder lieut. col. Gordon, and the 41st battalion companies under major Friend. who advanced under the major-general's com-mand to dislodge the enemy from the beights of Lewistown-Their steadiness and regulari under circumstances of great temptation were highly credible to them. Nothing could more strongly indicate their anxious wish to meet the enemy, and the lieutenant-general has only to regret that his rapid retreat from Lewistown heights, did not afford to majorgeneral Riall an opportunity of leading them o victory.

Lieutenant-general Drummond begs that ma-

Lieut. col. Hamilton, 100th regiment, is appointed to command fort Niagara, and the lieutenant-general will recommend that the same command money be annexed to it as was

Hamilton, commandant, president, major Holeroft, commanding royal artillery, and a captain of the 100th regiment, members, will as-

J. HARVEY, Ineut. Col. D. A. G.

Adjutant General's Office, Head-Quarters QUEBEC, January 6.

ers have been brought in.

(Signed) EDWARD BAYNES. Adj. Gen. N A

NAKEN up by Robert Lowry on Clear creek near Steel's mill, one Dark Iron Gray Filley, two years old next spring—appraised to \$15 before me this 17th day of Dec. 1813. A LOGAN.

Montgomery County. AREN up by Cornelius Ringo about three miles from Mountsterling, on the waters of Spencer creek, a Dark Bay Mare, about fourteen hands high, about seven years old las spring, has her mane roached—no brands per ceivable-appraised to thirteen dollars an fifty cents.

January 15, 1814

JOS. SIMPSON.

Congress.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES. WEDNESDAY, FEB. 9. THE LOAN FOR 1814.

On motion of Mr. Ethes of Va. the 1813, 16 million loan (annuities House resolved itself into a committee of the whole, Mr. Nelson of Virg. in the chair, on a bill to authorise a loan of Treasury Note 1813 dollars.

The bill having been read through-Mr. Eppes rose to move to fill the blank in the bill, and to state the reasons for its amount, and why the loan bill had For the actual increase of the debt from the been introduced at this stage of the ses- commencement of Mr. Madison's administra sion, before the appropriation bills were tion to the end of the year 1813. reported, and of course before it could be mate includes the prenium paid by way of an precisely ascertained what the amount nuity or discount, and the addition which has Some of the temporary magazines, with a pro- of those appropriations would be. He

> 1814, including sum subject to previous appropriations, about From customs and public lands 1,800,000 700,000

the first quarter of the year 1814.

payable by the States which have assumed about 1,159,000 Loan of seven and a 3:650.000 half millions Treasury notes 1,070,000

Estimated Expenditures. Diplomatic, Miscellaneous 450,000 Military expenses 6,000,000 1,800,000 Naval Public debt-1;014,000

in addition to mo-

fund in hand about

10,264,000

Would leave on the 1st of April \$2,815,000 From this statement of the receipts and expenditures of the first quarter of the year, it appears important that the The unimproved lands after deducloan should be put in operation, so as to insure from that source a sufficient sum in aid of the revenue, to meet the expenses of the next quarter.

1,000,000

timated as follows: For the civil list including the principal and interest of the public debt 13.900,000 For the Military Establishment For the Naval Establishment

Amounting altogether to 45,350,000 estimated as follows:

Revenue derived from customs and the sales of public lands nternal revenue and direct taxes Balance of the loan of 7,000,000 Balance of Treasury Notes
Cash in the Treasury on the 31st
day of December, after deducting 3,500,000 dollars estimated

as sufficient to satisfy appropriations made prior to that day, and leaving applicable to the service of the year 1814 1,180,000 16,000 000

so that there remains to be provided for by loans
To meet this deficiency it is proposed to authorise a loan for Treasury notes for

Making altogether the sum of The estimate for the A board of survey, composed of lieut col. 650,000 dollars will be sufficient to meet I have made. made by lieut. Metcalf, in command of a wealth, we are authorised to say, that the party of militia, consisting of 25 men, at resources of the nation, without any sys-stantly thrown back on the community, M'Crae's house, on the River Thames, tem of internal taxes, are sufficient in and becomes a part of the general circuby which a party of the enemy, consist- times of peace to discharge in twenty-lation. ing of three officers, and 35 soldiers, of two years a debt of 92,000,000 dollars The question then is, what is the athe 25th U. S. regt. were surprised and ta- principal. During the five years of the mount of circulating medium? ken prisoners. Four of the enemy were present administration, the preparations bank capital has been stated at 75,000,000

> principal borrowed, during the five years shew the actual increase of the debt.

Principal paid: 1811 1812

Principal received from loans during the same period.

1809 0.000,000 1810 12,750,000 1812, 11 million loan 10,184,700 included) 18,109.377 1813, 7 3 3,850,000 do. 4,362,600 Treasury Note 1812 5,000,000 3,930,000

The principal borrowed
The principal paid 44,336,677 51 23,554,785 0

been stated is of a debt bearing 6 per cent in

It may perhaps on the present occasion Estimated Receipts and Expenditures for be expected that something should be said as to the prospect of obtaining loan. In proportion as you increase the sum to be borrowed you will always in-4,700,000 crease the difficulty of obtaining money The quantum in market whether specie or stock, will always have an important bearing on the value of the article. The ability of a community to lend must depend on its income or on the value of its productive industry and its circulating medium What is that amount in the United States? It is with some degree 8.579.000 of diffidence I attempt such an estimate If, however, in making this attempt I \$13,079,000 shall succeed in calling to this subject develope the resources of the nation, I but union and energy. shall rest satisfied.

> The improved land on which the direct tax under the act of 1798 was collected was 163,476,686 acres and valued at that time at \$479,293,253, rather more than three dollars per acre. It is presumed the same land may now be averaged at six dollars per acre, which will

For the valuation of improved land 982,480,000 Report of the Postmaster General relative to The dwelling houses under the same act were valued at dollars

140,683,984. They may now with safety be estimated at double that sum 280,000,000 ting all the claims on them a-mount to 400,000,000 at two

The expenditures of the year 1814 are es- The capital embarked in commerce previous to the war, allowing for exports and imports 100,000,000 The bank capital at present amounts to 75,000,000 24,550,000 Turnpike, canal, toll bridge and 6,900,000 insurance stock, &c. 30,000,000

Total 2567,480,000 The funds to meet this expenditure are The income arising on this capital may be estimated as follows: 6,600,000 Profit on improved land, two per

cent. on 982,480,000 3,500,000 On personal property including dwelling houses, 580,000,000 at 4 per cent. 23,200,000 15 per cent. on the capital employ-ed in commerce 15,000,000 8 per cent. on 75,000,000—the a-6,000,000

mount of bank capital
Turnpike, canal, insurance and
other stock, six per cent. on 30.000,000 1,800,000

Product of all other occupations including manufactures as stated in the last census

5,000,000 the annual produce of the industry of the United States was estimated, by an 30,000,000 able and intelligent writer, on a population of 4 1-2 millions, at 37

The book concludes with a distressing en- wounded, but no one of Lieut. Metcalf's for war, and the war, have caused an in- on this capital we may calculate with party received any injury. The prison- crease of the debt-that increase, howe- safety on a circulation in notes and dis-The increase of debt in every country, tion, and the sum remaining, viz: 52,where the interest is regularly paid, (and 450,880, constitutes the ability of the in this it always has been) will be the dif- monied capitalists to loan-of this sum ference between the principal borrowed we propose to borrow 30,000,000. Havand the principal paid. A statement, ing shewn the ability to lend, the only therefore, of the principal paid and of the question remaining is, will it be the interest of those who hold the monied caof Mr. Madison's administration, will pital to advance it to the government? A monied capitalist will always pursue his interest. In deciding this question, \$3,586,479 26 the calculation will be made on peace or 5.163,476 93 war. No prudent man will loan his mo-5,543,470 89 ney without taking into view both these events. In the event of peace an immediate rise in the price of stock affords a 23,551,795 08 certain prospect of profit. As an ap in-

vestiline of a ency it is there safe than it. banks, masmuch as individuals may fail, and the nation cannot. For a merchant whose capital, in consequence of the present situation of the country, is withdrawn from commerce, it is a better investiture ban in manufactures. The money invested in manufactures cannot be withdrawn without loss in the sale of the buildings and machinery necessary for carrying hem on. The stock however of the ! States could at once be converted into money at considerable profit, and his capital again restored to its former channel. If therefore peace shall take place, to which I confess I look forward with some degree of confidence, the present loan combines all the advantages of 'safety," profit,' and a command at will of the capital invested. If on the contrary these expectations shall be disappointed and the war continue, our limited commerce must leave unemployed a large surplus capital. It is true that the increasing des mand for our own manufactures may afford employment for a part of this capitals To those however who have formed commercial habits and look forward to resuming their accustomed occupations, such an employment of capital cannot be desirable. The stability of our credit founded on a punctual compliance with our engagements, must be gratifiying to every American. During 27 years the faith of the nation has never been questioned-our credit has grown with our strength-our resources are ample-to the attention of others better qualified to bring them into action requires nothing

IN SENATE.

THURSBAY, FEBRUARY 10.
Mr. Gaillard, from the Committee on Naval Affairs, reported a bill authorizing the President of the United States to cause to be builty equipped and employed, one or more floating batteries, for the defence of the waters of the U. States; which was passed to the second

The President laid before the Senate the public contracts, clerks' salaries, &c.

The joint resolution awarding a sword to the nearest male relative of midshipman John Clark, was read the second and third times by unanimous consent and passed.

The Senate resumed the consideration of the bill to carry into effect the compromises with the Yazoo purchasers; and having received an amendment, it was postponed until to-more

€3 · WASHINGTON CITY, February 11. THE LOAN BILL

Is under debate in the House of Representatives, and is likely so to remain for some

JOHN L. LAWRENCE, of New York, has been nominated by the President, and approved by the Senate, as Secretary of the Legation to

CHRISTOPHER HUGHES, Jr. of Baltimore, has been appointed by the President and approved by the Senate, Secretary of Legation to the Mission to Gottenburg.

EZERIEL BACON, of Massachusetts, is ap-

pointed by the President, with the unanimous consent of the Senate, to be Comptroller of the Treasury, vice Richard Rush, resigned.

DESPERATE ACTION.

Arrived on the 27th ult. the Privateer Schooner GLOBE, Richard Moon commander, On the 1st November off Madeira, saw a sail, bore down on her and exchanged broadsides; supposed her a man of war brig, hauled off the Globe received one nine shot under her Total 235,849,600 harboard quarter, between wind and water—watched the backing and filling of two brigs in Funchall Roads. Nov. 2d the two brigs still manoeuvering in the Roads at 9 P. M. saw them under weigh and gave chace-at 10 bes ing squally lost sight of them, at 6 a. m. saw them at the S. W. and gave chace Nov. 3, at 1-2 millions jor-generals Riall and Vincent will accept his acknowledgment for the assistance he has remember as the destinate for the military depart- from of 4 1-2 millions, at 37 1-2 millions as 2 the heaviest brig commence acknowledgment for the assistance he has received from the assistance it has received from the making arrangements for of 63,422 officers and men for the year, cooper's Political Arithmetic, 47. Active dead boarded, the schooler sheering of the late operations. is presumed that a deduction from the expenses of the military department, may

This estimate would be 62,000,000 above expenses of the military department, may

This estimate would be 62,000,000 above were killed. By this time the other brig had be made, sufficient to cover the addition- what I have rated it at, and induces me bore up and passed across our bows and gave be made, sufficient to cover the addition- what I have rated it at, and induces his all bounty recently authorised, and that to repose some confidence in the estimate us a raking broadside, which dealt destruction to our sails and rigging, rendered the any other expense which may be authorized during the present session of Conzed during the present session of Contain of the 100th regiment, members, will assemble as soon as possible in fort Niagara for the purpose of taking an exact account and inventory of the immense quantity of ordnance, and the proportion of the circulating medium and the productive industry. Their calculations value of the circulating medium and the productive industry. Their calculations value of the circulating medium and the productive industry. Their calculations value of the circulating medium and the productive industry. Their calculations value of the circulating medium and the productive industry. Their calculations value of the circulating medium and the productive industry. Their calculations value of the circulating medium and the productive industry. Their calculations value of the circulating medium and the productive industry. Their calculations value of the circulating medium and the productive industry. Their calculations value of the circulating medium and the productive industry. Their calculations value of the circulating medium and the productive industry. Their calculations value of the circulating medium and the productive industry. stores, arms, provisions, clothing, &c. captur- two years revenue in the most flourishing of Smith, on 237,845.600 would ing the heavy brig had struck, we with much ed in that place.

Level Cit D. C.C. period of our commerce. Our experiperiod of our commerce. Our experi-give something more than 7,000,000 of ence, however, has shewn that a faithful dollars for the necessary circulation of the funds of the nation in times of peace, will enable us to pay off, within a reasonable period, any debt 47,000,000 dollars. If then 47,569,120 take possession of the brig which had struck, when discovering our vessel in a sinking condition having 7 shots between wind and water, we hauled to wirdward to take possession of the brig which had struck, when the product of the GENERAL ORDERS. which may be contracted during the war. dollars is sufficient for the actual circulating mewhen she again hoisted her colours and gave
lation, the whole of the circulating meus a broadside and was seconded by her con-Gen. Drummond, communicating the lars of the principal of the public debt report of capt. Stewart, of the Royal were paid off. Without taking into view, Scots, of a spirited and judicious attack therefore, the progress of population and made by light. Metcalf, in communicating the lars of the principal of the public debt producing inconvenience or pressure. But money borrowed by the government is not drawn from circulating into the greater part of our standing and running rigging shot away and not a sail but was perfectly made by light. Metcalf, in communicating the lars of the public debt of drawn from the circulating into the producing inconvenience or principal distribution and in the whole of the circulating into the producing inconvenience or pair damages, having the greater part of our standing and running rigging shot away and not a sail but was perfectly made by light. The above two sort, which compelled us to haul off, but with brigs were Packets as we saw the one that struck throw the mail overboard, one of 18 and the other of 16 all brass guns 12 pounders, as we found two 12 pound double head-ed shot in our hull. We have reason to believe we killed a great number of men on board both vessels, numbers being shot down by the musquetry and among the rest the cap-tain and first officer of the brig that had at for war, and the war, have caused an increase of the debt—that increase, however, is greatly below what the enemies count of 100,000,000. From this sum Richard Blair, James Thelis, Samuel D. Smith of the administration have endeavored to of what is deemed necessary for circula- and Sandy Forbes, seamen—Workship Right- ard Moon, commander, severely, Noah Alleri, prize-master, do. John Franks, do. slightly, seamen—Oliver since dead, Asa Hart, do. do. Ab. Hinhart, do. do. Fortune, Job E. Wheeler, P. Short, F. Statt, T. Jefford, A. Arnold, J. Beatty, John Wilson, John Mitchell and Daniel Milton, slightly. While refitting at the Grand Capary on the 12th 12th. ting at the Grand Canary on the 13th Nov. 2 Spanish brig arrived from St. Croix, Tenerifie, and informed us of the arrival of a British

> New-York, February 2. Captain Forbes, of the schooner Banyer, who arrived here vesterday in 17 days from St. Jago de Cuba. informs that, a few days previous the sailing, a ressel strived there from Polyments

brig, a Packet of 18 guns and another of 14,

much cut up in her hull and having 27 men

American privateer on the 2d November. The

killed in an engagement as they said with

Globe mounts nine 9 pound carronades.

to Bello, with intelligence that a great battle Adversity will always find me superior to its ball been recently fought, in the neighborhood attacks.

of Christophe the Royalists and the "I have several times given peace to nations" Patriots, in which the latter were totally de-

The 21 Lieutenant of the United States' Figure Masex died lately at Kingston, (Jam.) and was interred with the honors of war.

A letter from a gentlemen at Detroit, to his friend in this place, dated 5th Feb. 1814, says, a A scouting party of our men have just return ed from the river Thames, and have brought in 8 prisoners, among them is the famous of the French nation.
Francis Bauby. I understand he has this day "I had then the hop Been examined by the commanding officer, and the excuse he makes is, that he was on his way to see his family, but it is very well known that he was at the burning of Buffalo, as Mr M'Comb who is here now saw him there, and it is also well known that he has a the burning of Buffalo, as Mr M'Comb who is here now saw him there, and it is also well known, that he has been acting deputy quarter master general to the British troops: this is a clear proof to me that lie is in advance of the army to procure the necessary provisions—we expect an attack, but are prepared to meet."—Gazette.

The governor of this state has received a letter from the secretary of war, requiring a detachment of 1000 militia to march for the defence of Erie.

The governor has ordered a draft from the

BUFFALO, February 8 The British have removed the pickets of fort George and are strengthening fort Niagara—increase of taxes becomes indispensable. What all their wood they obtain from the Canada my minister of finance will propose to you is side, since Gen. John Swift captured their

Maj. Gen. Riall commands on the Niagara frontier; has his head quarters on Queenstown mountain. The 100th regiment are stationed at present from Chippeway to fort Eric. Lieut "I am satisfied with the sentiments which should be regarded only as the agents of understood to be preparing a force to go against on this occasion.

Sackett's Understood to be preparing a force to go against of the Openmark and Naples alone have remained Sackett's Harbor; he only waits the arrival of two regiments of Highland Scots, which were faithful to their alliance with me. on their march from Quebec, a fortnight since.

destroy our shipping at that place.

It is said that Gens. Proctor, De Rottenburgh and Vincent, are ordered home to Eng.

"I have recognized the helicity of State, Deputies from the Departments of the Legislative Body from the Departments of this throne:—

ALBANY, January 27.

testimony is not as strong against general Hull, as his former letters. He states the main facts with a considerable degree of qualification.—Columbian.

Norfolk, Feb. 1.

THE ADAMS AT SEA! Arrived yesterday, pilot boat schr. B. Underwood; left Baltimore on Tuesday last, and put Mary's river the next day; learnt that the United States corvette Adams, and the pri vate armed schr. Chassieur, left the Potomac three days before, and stood down the bay, since when nothing has been heard of them; and it was the general belief they had succeed ded in getting out to sea. Herald.

NAVAL COURT OF INQUIRY.

A Court of Inquiry has been called to inves-sigate the cause of the surrender or loss of the Tate U. S. frigate Chesapeake, Captain Lawvence, commander; whereof Commodore Bain-bridge is President, Capt. Isaac Hull and John Smith, Members, and George Sullivan, esq. ap-pointed by Com Bainbridge, Judge Advo

This court commenced its session at the Navy-Yard, in Charlestown, on Wednesday last, of peculiar interest. The force of this and is still in session.

Foreign Intelligence.

Boston, Peb. 9. FROM ENGLAND Areliminaries for a General Pea Europe

On Sunday evening last, arrived in Nantasket Roads, (Boston harbor) ship Ann Alexan-We have been favored with London papers to self up with the principal French in Fort the 25th Dec. and Liverpool to the 27th, a La Salle. The place is strong, and will month later than previous advices. The most Probably be defended to the last. prominent and important article of news, is the OFFER OF PRELIMINARIES FOR A GE. NERAL PEACE, BY THE ALLIED POW. considered free. ERS, AND ITS ACCEPTANCE BY BONA-

From the complexion of the English papers. room the complexion of the English papers, it appears that this offer was made and accepted without the intervention or knowledge of Britain; and it is doubtless the cause of the sudden departure of Lord Castlereagh for the gence of importance. None of the strong place in the passession of the enemy had fallent

The Prince of Orange and his son, had arrisince the previous accounts, nor had the Texted in Holland, and were cordially received by el ficet surrendered. The French continue the inhabitants.

Letters from St. Petersburgh, dated 2d Nov.

Were received yesterday, stating that the second attempt of mediation having failed of its purpose, Messrs. Gallatin and Bayard were which at one part of the day on Thursday had

on Monday, accompanied by the honorable Mr. true, but Robinson. As yet little has transpired relat. whatever ive to the causes that induced one of the mem hers of the cabinet to undertake such a mis-

Paris, Dec. 19. SPEECH OF THE EMPEROR.

To day, Sunday, Dec. 19, his Majesty the Emperor and King set off at one o'clock from the palace of the Thuilleries, to repair in state to the Legislative body, where, having been received with the usual ceremonies, his Majesty after taking his seat, made the following

the Departments to the Legislative Body Splendid victories have raised the glory of the French arms during this campaign; defections without parallel have rendered those victories useless-all has turned against us. Prance itself would be in danger, but for the

when they had lost every thing. From a part of my conquests, I have raised thrones for kings

"I had conceived and executed great de signs for the prosperity and happiness of the the world. A monarch and a father, I feel that peace adds to the security of thrones, and to that of families. Negociations have been en-tered into with the Allied Powers.

"I have accepted the Preliminary Condi-

"I had then the hope, that before the open

"I have ordered to be laid before you all

You will make yourselves acquainted with them by means of a committee The speakers of my council will acquaint you with my will on this

"On my side, there is no obstacle to the re establishment of peace. I know and partake But if there was no person in the U. all the sentiments of the French-I say of the States fit to be Treasurer but Mr. Gal-French because their is not one of them who

would desire peace at the price of honor.
"It is with regret that I ask of this genercounties of Cumberland, York, Adams and ous people new sacrifices; but they are commanded by its noblest and dearest interests. It one person? Yet Mr. Jones appears to was necessary to recruit my armies by numerous levies; nations cannot treat with security except by displaying their whole strength. An increase of taxes becomes indispensable. What conformable to the system of finance which I services of any one person become vitally have established. We shall meet every deimportant. Talents and intelligence mand without a loan, which consumes the future, and without paper money, which is the

gen. Drummond has gone to Kingston, and is my people of Italy have testified towards me public utility.

"The Republic of the U. States of America A great effort will unquestionably be made to continues with success its war with England. destroy our shipping at that place. "I have recognized the neutrality of the

-You are the natural organs of this throne :the British Indians are to be sent against Mal. it is for you to to give an example of energy, which may recommend our generation to the generations to come Let them not say of us, "They have sacrificed the best interests of their

After the Speech of his Majesty, the sitting being terminated, his Majesty retired in the midst of acclamations.

PRINCE OF ORANGE.

ROTTERDAM. Dec. 7. The Prince of Orange arrived on Wednesday last, with a few marines. His entry into the Hague was a triumph, and nothing could exceed the delight of its moments of emergency and on other suitable population. The British Ambassador, with a few officers, followed.

Detachment of Russian and Prussian light troops have been pushed towards Antwerp, which is now the grand object. Its capture may be difficult; the works always strong have been lately strengthened; and the consequence annexed to the name of the grand depot of the North Sea Fleet, will make its defence a matter fleet appears to have been exaggerated in England. It is said to consist only of der, capt Kempton, in 41 days from Liverpool. ral, retired from on board, and shut him-

The United Netherlands may be now

The Crown Prince has marched back on his own steps.

with great activity to strengthen the fortifications in Zealand.

preparing to take their departure, and were been raised to eighteen, was in the course of to return by Berlin and Copenhagen. The vessel which had been provided with a cartel for their accommodation, having been lost on the younge from the Gulph of Findland to Gottenburgh, another ship was preparing for their re-terption.

Lord Wellington over Soult, of which we have not a most distant degree of doubt, but which were again intruded on the public for Lord Castlereagh set out for the continent stock jobbing purposes, in a new garb, it is n Monday, accompanied by the honorable Mr. true, but without any additional authority

We have Frankfort papers, from which we have made extracts. Among them is a letter from Bonaparte, dated so late as the tenth ult. in which after noticing the army of one hundred thousand men assembling at Turin, he states his determination never to abandon

The combined Austrian and Bavarian army is in the vicinity of Strasburgh. A large body of the Allies is near Basle.

We continue our extracts from the French papers. Some of the articles may entertain although no direct intelligence can be gather Senators, Counsellors of State, Deputies from ed from them. Bonaparte, it seems, uses every means to enforce the belief, that the neu trality of Switzerland ought to be considered nearly as sacred as the territory of France, whose most vulnerable frontier that country

By the Cadiz papers, which arrived yesterwhere the french of the French of the first thought to call you around me. My heart has need for the presence and of the affection of my subjects of have never been seduced by prosperity. KENTUCKY GAZETTE

He comes, the Herald of a noisy world News from all nations, lumb'ring at his back'

LEXINGTON, MONDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 28, 1814.

MR. GALLATIN.

It was said previous to the departure ions of the Allies for the sake of the families of this gentleman for Europe, that there could not be found a citizen as well qualified as he was, to succeed him in the Treasury Department-indeed, some went so far as to say that the country could not do without Mr. Gallatin. As much as we respected Mr. Gallatin's affections and esteem. Madison's March talents and information, we could never assent to such an opinion. So far from our declaration of independence, and in 1801 thinking that the nation could not disthinking that the nation could not dispense with his services, we believe that there are many men in the U. S. equal to him in every respect that concerns abilities and acquirements.

latin, has not the President been criminal in confiding not only this department, but the important department of the navy to direct BOTH departments admirably well.

The government of that country must be dreadfully weak and the people shockingly ignorant and depraved, when the important. Talents and intelligence should be respected among all nations, and particularly in Republics-but they

When Gen. Washington died, it was proposed to be voted in Congress that his death had created a vacuum which could not be filled! This was an insult on thousands of as good and as wise men as Washington; and if we recollect correctly, was treated as such by congress. By Mr. Thos T. Barr: Our Ministers at foreign courts—let none be supported who will not, like Armstrone, at the court of the rectly, was treated as such by congress. This way of idolizing individuals at the expense of the feelings and interests of whole nations, must be detestable to sensible men-and is almost universally inju- live to see the American eagle on the ramparts rious to the public.

GENERAL HULL'S TRIAL

country! They have acknowledged the laws

The court martial has been occupied in examing general Cass to-day. I am told that his

centuries, to impose on France?

GENERAL HULL'S TRIAL

country! They have acknowledged the laws

which England has in vain sought during four
ing the supremacy of Mr. Gallatin over

testimony is real to the public.

We trust that the infatuation concerning the supremacy of Mr. Gallatin over his fellow citizens, will now be destroyed when it is seen that his department and Mr. Jones, who has no pretensions as we have heard to the character of a great Anancier.

HINTS ON CAVALRY.

Cavalry is a species of force well calculated to operate against the enemy in Canada and on the lines. A quick and unexpected con-centration of force under every situation of military operations is desirable—and of much more efficacy would it be, when your enemy maintain many weak and detached points. In occasions, each trooper can take an infantry man behind him.

out the efficacy of cavalry, is the circumstance cipal witnesses will admit. of our having a considerable Indian enemy to combat with; for which service the superiority of the cavalry is acknowledged by all it is believed, who are competent judges.

time required for infantry.

Should the government be disposed to raise an additional corps of cavalry, the western country seems to be the proper point from

we are happy to find has been republished in this place by Essex & Co. and Sleight. zens to purchase these documents.-They must for ever remain a monument of British cruelty and perfidy—and prove that the British gov-ernment is much more entitled to the appellation, Bulwark of Barbarism, than "Bulwark of our religion," It has been observed by an eloquent and able writer, that the "use of history is to know nations in policy, as we know men in society." For this reason we wish to see these documents put into the hands of all who can read. A few of the veterans of the revolution are still living-they know gence of importance None of the strong plathe the character of the British government. It has been the fortune and the glory of many of the Kentuckians to meet the vassals of the en emv in the field-they can form some idea of the character of the British government. But it is essential that those who have not been actual witnesses of the British character—and that posterity should properly estimate this profligate government, the deflower of virtue and innocence—the assassin of nobleness and

Col. RICHARD M. JOHNSON set out about ten days since for Washington City, having so far recovered of his wounds to be enabled to ride on horseback.

Late advices from Sackett's Harbor state that a 44 gun frigate and two smaller ones are in great forwardness, and will be ready for the lake by the breaking up of the ice.

THE Pestilozian Semirary will commence for Boys in the corner house, opposite Dr. Ridgely, on Monday the 7th of March. Subscriptions for the female department are open at this office, and at Mr. Essex's book-store.

MARRIED-On the 25th of January, Mr. ICHABON WOODROFF of this place, to Miss MARY C. WILLIAMS of Elizabethtown, N. J.

CELEBRATION OF WASHINGTON'S BIRTH-DAY.

Tuesday last, the birth-day of Washington, troop, and capt. Todd's volunteer infantry company, joined by many of the citizens of Lexing-ton and its vicinity. At 12 o'clock the company met at capt. Fowler's garden, where preparations had been made for their accomm

GWIN B. TOMPHINE, esq. baving been ap-

sinted President of the day and Major Body, Vice-President-after partaking of an ex-llent dinner, the following toasts were

1 THE DAY-Faithful to the virtues of him whose memory we now celebrate, be the children of America. Washington's March.
2. Governor Shelby—The warrior of other days; and his last hour, his country's.

Yankee Doodle. 3. The memory of Gen. Scott—Who lived and fought for his country—his fame shall be Scott's March. 4. The Mission to Gottenburg-Peace with

nonor-no peace without it.

America, Commerce & Freedom.

5. General Jackson—Honor to the brave and Stonen Point 6. The President of the U. S .- who by the 7. Thomas Jefferson-who in '76 drafted

the violated constitution of our country Jefferson's March. 8. The Navy. The Tars of Columbia. 9. The Army. Yankee Doodle. 10. The Union of the States-Esto perpetua the last prayer of Weshington. Hail Columbia.

11. Com. Perry—the first conqueror of a British squadron. "This is a man."

Decatur's Victory. 12. General Harrison—the people's choice he has justified their expectations. Harrison's March.

13. The Massacre at Raisin-we have not forgiven it, and never will forget it. Dead March 15. Canada—its conquest, the sure guarant

tee of lasting peace with Britain. Conquest of Canada. 15. The Creek War-the seizure of Flori da can alone end it

16. The memories of Pike, Lawrence, Lud low and Burrows of the east; and of Hart, Al-len, and Simpson of the west. The cause in which they fell will not be abandoned Dead March in Saul.

17 The American Fair—May they imitate

hose of ancient Rome, and animate our youthful citizens to deeds of valor. Spartan Mother VOLUNTEERS.

France, maintain the honor and character of the only Republic in the world

By the President: The Orator of the day.

By Mr. Hamilton: May all that now live,

of Quebec By the Orator of the Day: A peace negocia-ted with Great Britain under the auspices of

the American eagle, firmly perched on the towers of Quebec. By the President : America-May she not. another important one can be filled by as long as time exists, forget the birth-day of Washington.

> We learn that the troops intended to reinforce Gen. Jackson, were at Huntsville, Tenn. on the 15th inst. where they had been organised and drilled for some time : the force a mounted to five thousand-Gen Jackson in tended to move with this detachment from Fort Strother, for the Hickory Ground, on the 25th in t and it was expected would meet the enemy in a few days.

From the Albany Argus of the 8th Inst. The trial of Gen. Hull progresses with all the dispatch which its importance and Another powerful consideration which points the remote residence of many of the prin-Mr. Beuren is special judge advocate and Maj. Parker assistant-Messrs. Colden

and Tillotson council for the accused. In the western country the attachment to So far as the trial has progressed, we the horse is so strong, that it is believed that have not heard a suggestion of any im-So far as the trial has progressed, we cavalry could easily be recruited in half the proper partiality on the part of the members or officers of the court : Indeed, the proceedings have been marked with such dignity and impartiality, as to excite unitwelve sail of the line afloat, and six, which to draw them.

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And the line afloat, and six, which the line afloat, and t ships are now removed within the docks, which are capable of containing a navy, of Representatives comprising a collection of circumstantial and luminous testimony of purchaser giving a negotiable note with an age. which are capable of containing a navy, of Representatives comprising a collection of and are completely under the guns of the facts, evincing "the spirit and manner in fortress. The Texel fleet will probably which the war has been waged by our enemy," alted opinion of his intelligence, candor and military capacity. It is expected the We would recommend to all classes of citi- evidence on the part of the government will close in about three weeks.

ARREST On Monday last, Abijah Bigelow, Esq. of Barre, and Oliver Bigelow, his son, were arrested in the name of the U. States, on suspion of having assisted in the escape of the British prisoners lately in this town. They passed through town yesterday on their way to Boston, in custody of Mr. Thaxter, deputy Worcester Ægis.

From the Correspondent of the Columbian. PLATTSBURGH, February 6. Yesterday, several loads of cannon and cannon ball arrived here from French Mills, and o-day a great many more are expected here.-

It is generally understood, that part of the army at French Mills, is going to Sackett's Harbor, and the other part coming here. This appears to me to be right; it proves to me that the secretary of war is quick at an expedient under a change of circumstances. I foretel you, it will require all the address of the British to defend the Canadas next campaign. Matters are now getting in a proper train. It will not be proper for me to inform you, ex ante facto; but I will as soon as possible expost facto, of what I think is about to be done here and about Ontario. Something rather important I think is about to take place.

Philadelphia, February 12. The General Bank Bill has failed in the Senate of this state-the votes were 13 in favor and 17 against it, one member was absent. In the House of Representatives more than two thirds of the members voted for it.

Adjutant and Inspector General's Office, Washington, 14th Feb. 1814. GENERAL ORDERS.

The British Commander in Chief in Canada having in a proclamation dated at Kingston on the 4th day of September, 1813, declared, that a parole lawfully givwas celebrated by capt. Pishel's volunteer en does not forbid the exercise of any military functions other than that of "braring arms in garrison or in the field -- and there being no desire on the part of the United States to question the correctness tion. When the company had collected, they of this declaration. It is therefore orwere addressed by George Shannon, esq. in an dered, that all officers of the U. States, eloquent and pertinent speech, commemmora-tive of the virtues of Washington, &c. be called to the discharge of the following

1st, Recruiting.

2d, Drilling recruits. 3d, Guarding stores and prisoners of

war in the interior, &c. 4th, Paying the trees and making

purchases on account of the U S. All prisoners of war in parole will accordingly report themselves for these duties to the officer commanding the district in which they may happen to reside; and, failing to do so, if non-commissioned officers or privates will be ap+ prehended and confined, and if officers will dropped from the rolls of the army By order of the Secretary at War,

J. B. WALBACH, Adj't. Gen.

New Bedford, Feb. 3. VICTORY AT BAYONNE.

Last evening arrived here the Portug guese schooner Viagenta, in 46 days from Lisbon. Captain Terry of Fairhaven, a passenger in the Viagenta, informs that a few hours previous to sailing an express arrived in Lisbon from Lord Wellington announcing a complete victory over the French army under Marshal Soult. It. appears that Lord Willington had been induced to order the Spanish part of his army to return to the Pyrennees, in consequence of the cruelties exercised by them on the country people in France; that being thus reduced, Soult attacked him on the 11th December and turned his left wing; but was repulsed after a very sans guipary conflict, that on the 12th, 13th and 14th the fighting continued with in creased fury, and finally ended in the total overthrow of the French. Captain Terry says the express reported that the allied cavalry charged the French artillery when in full fire, and carried them; and the infantry on both sides maintained a contest with the bayonet, man to man, for several bours. The number lost we did not learn, but the express stated that the slaughter was very great on both sides Lord Wellington left a force to blockade Bayonne, and was advanced from that place 30 miles towards Bore deaux. The action took place in the open country.

Domestic Goods. 500 ps. Checks, Stripes, Chambreys and Shirtings 5000 lbs. Eastern spun Cotton

75 boxes New Geneva Window Glass 20 do. Hóllow FOR SALE BY.

J. P. SCHATZELE Lexington, February 28, 1814

Sales at auction. To be sold at auction on Tuesday the 15th des

Neave, who is leaving this town, a quantity of Household Furniture To begin at 10 o'clock, A. M. AT THE SAME TIME,

12 elligible building Lots. A MOST VALUABLE COW, &c. &c. The Lots on a credit of 12, 18 & 24 months. The furniture above ten dollars at six months. A plan of the lots at the auction room, or may be viewed on the spot at any time.

DAN. BRADFORD, Auct.

Lexington, February 25, 1814. A valuable house servant.

WILL be sold at the door of the Hotel, in the town of Lexington, on the 19th of March next, at twelve o'clock, agreeably to a decree of the circuit court, held for Favette county; a Likely Negro Woman, belonging

lendorser.

DANIEL BRADFORD,

ASA BLANCHARD,

Com'rs. February 26, 1814. 9-2w

THE Subscriber has on hand at his Smith Shop, formerly occupied by Wm. Hart, an assortment of the following articles of a superior quality, all of which will be sold on reasonable terms for cash or the usual credits, vize Warranted Axes Steeled Hoes

Wedges Carey Ploughs Drawing Knives Common ditto. Chains of all kinds Grubbing Hoes Shovels and Tonger Craner Hinges of all descriptions Pothooks. Carpenters, Hatchets Skimmere Fieshforks.

The subscriber having five Forges, will be able to execute large jobs on the shortest no. tice-Horse shoeing will be particularly and carefully attended to.

Lexington, Feb 26, 1814.

Ten Dollars Reward.

L OST in Lexington, on the 26th day of Feb. an old RED MOROCCO POCKET BOOK, containing one Lexington ten dollar bank note, two Nashville notes, one thirty the other fifty dollars, and several accounts against persons for fulling. Any person anding said pocket-book and leaving it at the Gazette office, shall receive the above reward. ROBERT EASTIN.

Lexington, Feb. 28, 1814. M. Quie's Manufactured Tobacco. Morrison, Boswells & Suttone

HAVE on hand, and intend keeping a supply of this Tobacco, to sell by the quantity or by 9.tf Lexington, Feb. 26, 1814.

AKEN up by Lewis Hawks in Jessamina county, on the wa ers of Clear creek, one Sorrel Mare, a small star in her forehead and on her withers, a small scar and some white hairs and blind in her right eye, ten or twelve years old, fourteen hands high—appraised to ten dollars. Also one Bay Horse Cott, two years old next spring, fourteen hands inch high—appraised to twenty dollars. De-cember 18, 1813.

RICHARD LAFON.

STIMPS For sale at this Ofice.



Which are celebrated for the cure of most diseases to which the human body is liable.
Prepared only by the sole proprietor

T. W. DYOTT, M. D. Grandson of the late celebrated Dr. Robertson

of Edinburg.
Sold Wholesale and Retail, in Philadelphia
only at his Family Medicine Ware-house, No.
137, North east corner of Race and North Sediscovered, upwing cond streets.
Dr. ROBERTSON'S

VEGETABLE NERVOUS CORDIAL. OR, NATURE'S GRAND RESTORATIVE.

Price one Dollar and fifty Cents,

is confidently recommended, as the most efficacions medicine, for the speedy relief and cure of all nervous complaints, attended with Inward weakness, depression of the spirits, headache, tremor, faintness, hysteric fits, debition, the second spirits, seminal weakness, and various complaints resulting from impropriety of youth and dissipated habits, residence in warm climates, the John & James Bradshaw, Shelbyville, Ky. pated habits, residence in warm climates, the jumoderate use of tea, the unskillful or excessive use of mercury, so often distructive to the human frame, deseases peculiar to females at a certain period of life, Fluor Albus, barrenness, &c. &e.

Under the denomination of nervous disorders are included several diseases, of the most way he had gratis at each of the above places.

scription of them.

The most common symptoms of its common symptoms only at his wholesale and retail Drug and Family Medicine Warehouse, No. 137, North East tions, watchfulness, drowsiness after eating, Corner of Second and Race streets—where he timidity, flashes of lieat and cold, numbness, cramp, giddiness, pains in the head, back, and sortment of fresh drugs and medicines, of everyons, hickup, difficulty of respiration and deglution, anxiety, dry cough, &c. Dr. ROBERTSON'S

CELEBRATED STOMACHIC ELIXIR OF HEALTH;

most valuable Medicine ever offered to the bublic, for the cure of coughs, colds, consumption, the hooping cough, asthmas, pain in the breast, cramps and wind in the stomach, removing costiveness, sickness at the stomach,

head ache, loss of appetite, indegestion, &c.
For the dysentery or lax, cholera morbus, setere gripings, and other diseases of the bowels, and the summer complaint in children, it has proved a certain remedy, and restored to per-

in the most advanced state will find immediate A large and elegant assortment of gentlemen's

Common coughs and colds, which are in gen-eral occasioned by obstructed perspiration, will be found to yield to its benign influence in a

In asthmatic or consumptive complaints, of the neatest and latest fashion. All of which hoarseness, wheesings, shortness of breath and they offer at wholesale or retail.

the hooping cough, it will give immediate relatington, K. Nov. 8, 1313—45-tf the hooping cough, it will give immediate re-

DR. ROBERTSON'S

A safe and effectual cure for the gout, rheumaism, lumbago, stone and gravel, swellings and all kinds of green wounds—the cramp, pains in the head, face and body, stiffness of the neck, chilbland frezen limbs, &c.

D. ROBERTSON'S

Col. 28th Regt. U. S. Infantry, will march what recruits they may have to the general rendezvous at Lexington, Ky, and hold themselves in readiness to join their regiment, now in winter quarters at Detroit.

THOS. DEYE OWINGS, Col. 28th Regt. U. S. Infantry.

STOMACHIC BITTERS. (Price one dollar.)
Which are celebrated for strengthening weak stomachs, increasing the appetite and a certain preventive and cure for the fever and ague,

afflicting to families residing in all low countries, redundant with marshes, lakes, stagnated pools, rivers, &c. &c. these celebrated and uniyersally esteemed Bitters, have surpassed any remedy ever administered, for the relief and cure of that most obstinate oppressor of the human frame, numberless instances of their efficacy have been testified, after the barks, and various other extolled prescriptions failed,

happy effects. DR. ROBERTSON'S INFALLIBLE WORM DESTROYING LOZENOES, A Medicine highly necessary to be kept in Price 50 cents.

SYMPTOMS.

The common symptoms of Worms are, pale ness of the countenance, at other times flushong of the face, itching of the nose, and about the seat, starting and grinding of the teeth in sleep; swelling of the upper lip, the appetite sometimes bad, at other times voracious; looseness; disagreeable breath; a hard swelled belly; great thirst; the urine frothy, and cometimes of a whitish color; griping or cholic pains; an involuntary discharge of saliva,

lic pains; an involuntary discharge of szliva, especially when asleep; frequent pains in the side, with a dry cough, and unequal pulse; palpitation of the heart; swoonings, cold sweats; palsy, epileptic fits, &c. &c.

Though numberless medicines are extolled for expelling and killing worms, none are equal in efficacy to Dr. Robertson's Worm Destroying Lozenges, they are mild in their operation, and may be given to the youngest infant with safety.

Dr. DYOTT'S

DR. DYOTT'S

ANTI-BILIOUS PILLS,

For the prevention and cure of Bilious and
Malignant fevers.

Price 25 cents-large boxes 50 cents. These Pills, if timely administered, will re-Yellow Fever, Bilious, Fever, Ague and Fever, Cholic Pains, Flatulencies, Indigestions, Costiveness, Hypochondriac & Hysteric complaints, Give four dollars in cash, for good merchantable

Stranguary, Gravel; Rheumatism and Gout.
They are peculiarly serviceable in Female
Disorders, and especially in the removal of
those obstructions which are the great source of their complaints at certain periods, the possess this eminent advantage over most oth er purgatives, that while they operate gently, they produce neither costiveness, debility, nor too great excitement, whenever there is a predisposition to a disease, arising from marsh effluvia, a too copious use of ardent spirits,

PATENT ITCH OINTMENT.

For pleasantness, safety, expedition, ease and certainty is infinitely superior to any other me dicme, for the cure of that most disagreeable and tormenting disorder the rrcu.

(Price 50 cents per box.)
Da. DYOTT'S

INFALLIBLE TOOTH-ACH DROPS, Price 50 cents.
CIRCASSIAN EYE-WATER,

A sovereign remedy for all disorders of the eyes, Price 50 cents.
Dr. TISSOT'S

CELEBRATED GOUT AND RHEUMATIC DROPS. (Price two dollars.)
THE VEGETABLE BALM OF LIFE. THE BALM OF IBERIA.

Extracted from an Iberian plant, for curing defects of the skin, and improving the complex.

(Price two dollars.)
THE RESTORATIVE DENTIFRICE For cleaning, whitening and preserving the

(Price 50 cents per box.)
Since these invaluable medicines were first discovered, upwards of seven hundred thousand persons have experienced their happy and salu-tary effects—many of whom from the lowest stage of their disorders.

Take notice, that each and all of the above genuine Medicines are signed on the outside covers with the signature of the sole proprietor.

T. W. DYOTT, M. D.

A supply of the above Medicines just re weakness, depression of the spirits, ceived and for sale by the following agents

ders, are included several diseases, of the most may be had gratis at each of the above places. dangerous kind, and are so various, that a Dr. T. W. DYOTT respectfully informs the public, that the above mentioned genuine Medicines, are prepared and sold in Philadelphia,

Those who purchase by the quantity for cash, will be allowed a very liberal discount.

N. B. Country Storekeepers can obtain the Price § 1 50 cents. agency for vending the above Medicines on Which has proved by thousands, who have commission, by addressing the Proprietor, acceptanced its beneficial effects, to be the companied with satisfactory reference, &c. Letters post paid, from any part of the con-

BOOTS & SHOES.

L. & G. YOUNG ed at their established stand, on Main street, Fersons afflicted with the pulmonary com-plaints or disorder of the breast and lungs, even

Boots & Shoes,

Ladies Shoes,

Attention.

Col. 28th Regt. U. S. Infantry. Lexington, Nov. 24, 1813. 48-tf

To Journeymen CABINET-MAKERS.

ANTED immediately, three or four For the Fever and Ague, a malady so preva-first throughout the Southern states, and so efficient to families residing in all low coun-difficting to families residing in all low coun-

JAMES MEGOWAN. Lexington, Nov. 23, 1813.

SLATE IRON WORKS.

ing from three to four tons a day. Orders forwarded shall be executed with they proved successful, to the admiration of neatness and dispatch, patterns forwarded to who experienced and witnessed their my Iron Store in Lexington, will meet a ready conveyance to the Works.

MARIA FORGE Is also now at work-all the fires are well

manned and making Iron of a superior qua-

SLATE FORGE Is also in high operation, and making a ton

A constant supply of Iron will be kept at my store in Lexington of a quality not inferior to any made in the United States, and will be warranted as such by THOMAS DEVE OWINGS.
Lexington, 10th Dec. 1813.

Poctor Walter Brashear HAS just taken up his residence in Lexing-

ton, and will practice Medicine & Surgery in conjunction with Doctor E. Warfield. Calls on them at their shop will be particularly attended to by one or the other of them
19-tf May 10, 1813.

FOR SALE, 110 Acres of first rate Land Four miles and a half from Lexington. For particulars enquire of

JAMES DEVERS. Lexington, Dec. 13, 1813.

HEMP, At their Rope walk, in the suburbs of the

own, on Russell's road. February 7, 1814, J. H. & L. HAWKINS Have just received from Philadelphia a large

assortment of GOODS.

or a vitiated state of the ile they are sure to will be sold low for cash.

They have for sale about \$5000 worth goods by the Piece or Package.

Best COTTON, by the bale.

COFFEE, by the barrel.

TEAS, by the box.

A general assortment of GROCERIES.
They give Cash for Feathers and Linsey.
In addition to our present stock of goods, A general assortment of GROCERIES.

They give Cash for Feathers and Linsey.
In addition to our present stock of goods, have just received an elegant assortment of Loventine Silks and Sattens, of all colours, for Lady's Pelieces and Dresses.

A CONSTANT supply of the first rate crop in meet with sufficient encouragement, a set of Maps and Globes, will be procured, to faciliate the study of Geography, and Astronomy.

J. P. SCHATZELL.

Vaucluse, two miles from Lexington. November 8, 1813.

THE HIGHEST PRICE IN CASH

GIVEN FOR Water-rotted Hemp, Delivered at John Hart's rope-walk.
R. MEGOWAN & Co. Lexington, Dec. 6, 1813.

THE TAILORING BUSINESS IS carried on by the subscriber on Main street, next door to Holloway, Bain & Steel's Hat Manufactory----where every attention will their work. December 6 1813.

THE highest price in CASH will be given for Clean Linen or Cotton Rags Delivered to me in Lexington, at the corner of Main-Cross street, opposite to Mr. Patterson Bain's hatter's shop.

JAMES DEVERS. Lexington, January 4, 1814.

THE Subscriber having purchased the establishment of WM. N. Lane, & Co. formerly J. & D. Maccoun, also the stock of Geo. Trotter, sen. will sell by wholesale and retail upon advantageous terms. Retail Merchants from the adjacent towns will find it to their interest to call on him, goods of all des-criptions being much higher in Philadelphia than they can be sold for here.

He offers the property he now occupies, at 3, 6, 9, 12, 15, and 18 months, approved negotiable paper-either altogether, or in lots of 33 feet each, as may suit the purchaser.
T. H. PINDELL.

Lexington, Dec 27, 1813.

Ellis & Trotter, Have just received, and are now opening in their new Brick House, two doors above Sam'l. & Geo Trotter, LARGE & ELEGANT ASSORTMENT OF

GOODS. Which they will sell low for CASH, either by wholesale or retail. They have just received a quantity of COP

31.'-12tf. Lexington, Oct. 1, 1813.

John W. Hunt

TILL give Four Dollars in CASH for good merchantable Hemp. this Hemp-house on Limestone street Dec. 27, 1813.

Thomas & John Hanty HAVE received a large quantity of Philadel phia LEATHER of every description, which, being carefully selected, and purchased for Cash, they are enabled to dispose of or moderate terms. They also keep a supply of the above leather, with a quantity of their ow manufacture, at their Tan Yard in Jessamine county, where the highest price, in Cash, is paid for Hides and Skins.

Lexington, Nov. 13, 1813.

REMOVAL. OCTOR COCHRAN has removed his residence from his late habitation to the house recently built by Mr. Samuel Redd, on Limestone street, a few doors from Mr. Pos tlethwait's Inn, nearly opposite the Jail and in view of the Hotel, where he will continue to practice PHYSIC, SURGERY & MIDWIFE-RY, in all such cases as may be entrusted to his care in town and in the adjacent country Having commenced a partnership with Doctor James Overton, either of them may be consult. ed at any time at their shop, in the lower story of the above described dwelling. Doctors Cochran and Overton pledge themselves to be-stow their undivided attention upon the duties of their profession, and to make it as serviceable to society as its nature and their best exertions can produce.

DOMESTIC GOODS.

R. MEGOWAN & Co. No. 44, Mainstreet, STRIPES, CHAMBRAYS, CHECKS,

SHIRTINGS, &c. &c The whole of which are offered for sale on the at my office as above.

JOHN WRIGGLESWORTH.

Morrison, Boswells & Sutton Have just received a large Assortment of GOODS,

In addition to their former stock; which will he disposed of on reasonsble terms for Cash.

A large quantity of SAIL DUCK & SEINE TWINE. Nov. 15, 1813.

LEXINGTON PORTER & FINE ALE Brewery.

OHN COLEMAN intends to commence Brewing this week, and will shortly have ready for delivery FINE DRAUGHT ALE, in hogsheads, barrels and half barrels, which or trial, he hopes will please. It is his intention as soon as his Porter and Ale are in proper or-der, to have an extensive and regular supply of each in bottle.

FRESH GRAINS Will be constantly on sale during the Brewing season. The advantage of using Brewer's Grains as food for cattle in general, and more

particularly for milch cows, is so well known as to render comment unnecessary. YEAST Will be daily on delivery for domestic use & for the distillery. The scientific and experienced distiller is so well acquainted with its

preeminent superiority over every other species of ferment that any remark on the subject would be superfluous Lexington, January 10, 1814.

HE regulations of the General Post-Office. require that one quarter's postage on newspapers, shall always be paid in advance, previous to their delivery, and that no credit shall be given for letter postage—As a violation of these rules, would subject the postmaster to many errors and much inconveni the public are informed that these rules will

JOHN FOWLER, P. M. Lexington, January 17, 1814.

TOBACCO.

Lexington, January 17, 1814.

LEVI L. TODD.

WILL PRACTISE LAW in the Fayette, Bo in bon and Scott circuit courts—his place of residence is Lexington.

Sept. 6, 1813.

36-tf

T. & R. WOODRUFF, & Co.

ONTINUE the above business at their for mer stand, and by arrangements lately made, they are enabled to conduct it on a more

NOTICE. ALL THOSE indebted to Lowry & Shaw, either by bond, note or book account, are requested to come forward and make immediate be given to those who may favour me with payment—those excepted having running accounts under special agreement. The business will continue to be conducted under the LOWRY & SHAW.

June 29, 1813.

Dr. John Todd, AVING returned to Lexington, offers his services as a Practitioner of MEDICINE

Apprentices

TO THE BOOK-BINDING BUSINESS THE Subscriber wishes to take two or three active Lads as apprentices to the Book binding business.

WILLIAM ESSEX Nov. 23, 1813.

erchant Tailor Establishment

OWENS & COYLE respectfully inform their friends and the public, that they have just received from Philadelphia, a choice selection of Cloths, Casimers, Stockinetts, fancy Vestings, and a general assortment of ar-ticles in their line of business, which they will dispose of on reasonable terms. Their business will be carried on in all its

branches under the firm of OWENS & COYLE,

Next door to the Kentucky Insurance Office
Lexington, Dec. 16th, 1813.

1-tf

The House

Adjoining Mr Worsley's Printing Office, and occupied at present by Mr Robert S. Todd, IS FOR SALE, At 6, 12, and 18 months credit. JOHN HART.

> The Subscriber HAVING COMMENCED THE

Tanning & Currying Business. HAS a quantity of LEATHER on hand, which ne will dispose of upon moderate terms. He wants two Boys as apprentices to the above usiness. JOHN HULL Lexington, January 19, 1814. 4-tf

Soap and Candle Manufactory

THE Subscriber will give the highest price in cash, for Tallow, Hog's Lard, and all kinds of Soap Grease.—Also will purchase any quantity of good clean Ashes; for which, I will give nine pence per bushel, and take them away from the houses in any part of the property of the contract of within a six miles of and take Lexington, or within six miles of said town Persons wishing to sell or contract for any of the above articles, will please to call at my house on Main-street, nearly opposite the Insurance Bank, where I keep a constant supply of Soap and Candles, to sell by wholesale and

JOHN BRIDGIS. Lexington, Nov. 22, 1813. 47-tf.

TO RENT-A COMFORTABLE BRICK HOUSE, on Main-street—enquire of J. L. DOWNING.

January 10, 1814.

Notice.

THE Subscriber has removed his office to Mr. Robert Frazer's new buildings on Upper street, three doors below Main-street where he continues to transact business as a Proker in the money line as usual. Those who have Cash for which they have no immedi ate demand, would do well to give him a call Those who are in want can generally be supplied on approved negotiable notes.

I have for sale Tickets in the Washington Monument Lottery, second class, which will commence drawing early in March next, highest prize \$ 40,000-The scheme can be seen

February 7, 1814

STRAYED ON ROM the plantation of Jonathan Robinson, jun in Woodford county, four miles from Any person who can give such information that she may be found by me or Mr John Scott, jr of Lexington, shall receive Twenty Dollars reward and all reasonable expenses, from JONATHAN ROBINSON,

Woodford county

WM. ESSEX, Jun. & Co.

ESPECTFULLY inform their friends and the public that they have opened an extensive establishment in the above business in Lexington at the Franklin Head No. 70 on the south east corner of Main and Upper a root opposite the Court-house. Versailles, on the road to Delany's ferry, one full blooded MERINO EWE, remarkably like-

Woodford county. January 19, 1814.

Forty Dollars Reward. RANAWAY from the subscriber in Clark County, Ky, on the 8th inst a MULATTO MAN SLAVE, by the name of TIM, twenty one years of age, about five feet ten inches high, and has a large sear on one of his thighs, (I think the right) occasioned by a burn. It is supposed that he rode off a sorrel mare, with a blaze face, about fourteen hands three inches high, with nearly all the hair trimed off her tail; branded on the near shoulder or but- after the new supplies arrive. tock, thus: I S; he took away with him two broad-cloth coats, one a black that has been torn on the back and mended, the other a ligh grey—two ruffled shirts, two pair of panta-loons, one pair of country linen, the other a dimity, several country cloth waistcoats, and an old brown cloth surtout coat, lined with vellow flannel and paded blue cape. It is likely he may have obtained a pass or may attempt to pass as a free man, and will aim for the state of Ohio, some of the Territories or Can-ada. I will give the above reward to any person that will deliver him to me, or secure him in any jail so that I get him again.

EDWARD SHROPSHIRE.

January 22, 1814.

Vauciuse Academy. PURPOSE resuming my school on the firs monday in Nov.—Students from a distance be duly observed at the post-office of this can be accommodated with board in the neigh borhood, and at my house. The English, Latin and Greek languages, with science in it different departments, will be taught as the progress of the students may require. Should

Vaucluse, two miles from Lexington, October, 9th, 1818;

among and the local street and and the same

Brass Foundery.

made, they are chabled to conduct it on a more extensive scale, and to execute every species of casting in Brass or Copper in the best manner and on short notice. A supply of CLOCK WORK, GUN MOUNTING, ANDIGONS, STOVELS & TONGS, BELLS, &c. always ready. Two or three apprehices, about 16 or 17 years of age, will be taken.

3.17

January 22, 1814. January 22, 1814.

John H. Morton & Co. CONTINUE TO GIVE ONE DOLLAR PER BUSHEL FOR WHEAT,

On delivery at their Steam Mill. January 19th, 1814.

David Todd

Has opened a handsome & general assortment of MERCHANDIZE—Consisting of DRY GOODS, HARD WARE, & GUEENS-WARE, GLASS WARE, In Anderson's Stone-hotise, corner near the Market-house, which he will dispose of on

The business of the firm of David and Sam'l B. Todd, has devolved upon him—The part-nership having been dissolved by consent. Lexington, Nov. 23, 1813

The Subscriber

OFFERS the farm on which he resides for 45 cleared all of the first quality and well watered, three and a half miles from Lexington, near the Limestone road. Also, 30 acres adjoining the above, part cleared. He will likewise dispose of six likely negroes.
CLEMENT SMITH.

125 Acres of valuable land

Fayette, January 29, 1814

FOR SALE. Will be sold to the highest bidder on Saturday the 6th day of March next, 123 acres of Land, lying three and a half miles below Nicholasville in Jessamine county, and immediately on the road leading from Lexington to Danville and Lancaster. There are about 30 acres of cleared land on said tract, the balance very heavily timbered; is situated in a very healthy and fertile neighborhood, and has been an establishment as a Blacksmith's shop for 15 or 16 years, and would be a very eligible stand for a tavern; being about 16 miles from Lexington and about the same distance from Danville and Lancaster, and on a road as much travelled as any in Kentucky The land and a plat of it will be shewn to any person wishing to purchase, any time previous of the day of sale, by application to the suboriber in Nicholasville or to James Hord ad-

ining the land. The terms of the sale will be one half in and, and the balance in two equal payments; ta credit of one and two years—the purchase giving bond and approved personal security. The sale will commence at 12 o'clock at the

Blacksmith's shop on the premises.
FRANCIS P. HORD. February 6, 1814.

Coach and Harness Making. ASHTON, BEACH & NEILL CARRY on the above business on Main-Cross street, and flatter themselves from their experience in the first shops in New-York; Philadelphia and Baltimore, to be able tofinish their work in a style not inferior to any here-

ofore finished in the western country. Orders espectfully solicited. Lexington, December 6, 1813. 49-tf

Prime Spanish Soal Leather: THE Subscribers having made such arrange ments to the Eastward as will enable them to have constantly on hand a large supply of the above article, offer it for sale on a liberal crea-dit and at the lowest price, the advance of carrage only added to the prices in Philadelphia and Baltimore—orders for any quantity, will be immediately attended to and forwarded without delay. CROMWELL & ROBINSON.

Pittsburgh, January 23, 1814. James B. January, Has removed his office to the lower house it Frazier's new row, two doors below the Col-

lector's office, on Upper-street. Lexington, January 31, 1813. New Book & Stationery Store:

opposite the Court-house square.

Wholesale dealers and public Libraries will be supplied on the most liberal terms, and private purchasers of books furnished at the Philadelphia and New-York retail prices with out carriage.

The literati are informed that they intend-

keeping a valuable collection of all works of general science and literature, and that any books which are peculiarly rare, will be procured by their orders, if to be obtained in the United States, as they have appointed correspondents in the eastern and northern states to send on new publications so soon as printed.

A catalogue will be published immediately

Negotiable Notes; Printed on Stamp'd Paper; FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE.

Kentucky Farmers' For the year 1814,

Just Published and for sale at this Office. THE SHAREHOLDERS in the Kentucky Vineyard Association, are notified to meet at the house of Mr. John Kieser in Lexington, on the 4th Saturday in next month (March) at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, when it is intended to put a final close to the business of that insti-

By order of the Directors, JOHN BRADFORD, President, Phyene County, sct.

Georgetown road, three miles from Lexington, one Dapple Grey Mare, ten years old, fourteen hands high—appraised to twelve dollars, before me, this 15th day of November, 1843.